Publication Ethics and Publication Malpractice Statement

Journal of Nanoscience with Advanced Technology (JNAT) follows the highest standard of ethics of publication of scholarly work. JNAT follows Publication Ethics and Publication Malpractice Statement and the ethical statement is based on COPE’s Best Practice Guidelines for Journal Editors.

All parties who take part in the publication process: the author, the journal editor-in-chief, the peer reviewer and the publisher are expected to follow the ethical guidelines strictly.

Duties of Editor-in-Chief

Decisions

The editor-in-chief of the JNAT plays an important role in maintaining the content quality and publication of article. The editor-in-chief may confer with journal editorial board members regarding decision on publication of manuscript. Decisions must be provided strictly based on the articles scientific validity and importance to the scientific community.

Review Process

The editor-in-chief must ensure fair review process is followed and the manuscripts should not be discriminated on the basis of race, gender, sexual orientation, religious belief, ethnic origin, citizenship, or political philosophy of the authors.

Confidentiality

The editorial staff must not disclose any information about a submitted manuscript and the data is kept confidential.

Disclosure and Conflicts of Interest

Unpublished materials in a submitted manuscript must not be used in editorial board and reviewers personal research work.

Duties of Reviewers

Contribution to Editorial Decisions

The journal uses double-blind review process. The reviewer comments are sent to authors through editorial staff which enhances the standard of the manuscript and encourages authors to improve the standard of their work.

Promptness

The editorial team committed to provide timely reviews. Any qualified reviewers who feel unable to submit review in specified timeline notify the editorial office so that other reviewers are contacted.

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Submitted manuscripts must be treated with at most confidentiality. The manuscript content must not be discussed with others unless notified by editor-in-chief.
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The reviewers must not disrespect authors personally and the comments should be on the basis of manuscript content. They must provide proper justification for their comments.

Acknowledgement of Sources

Reviewers should identify relevant published work that has not been cited by the authors. Any statement that an observation, derivation, or argument had been previously reported should be accompanied by the relevant citation. A reviewer should also call to the Editor’s attention any substantial similarity or overlap between the manuscript under consideration and any other published data of which they have personal knowledge.

Disclosure and Conflict of Interest

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Duties of authors

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Authors showing results of original research should present a detail account of the work performed as well as a note on its significance. Underlying data should be represented accurately in the manuscript. A paper should contain enough data to permit others to replicate the work. Fraudulent or knowingly inaccurate statements constitute unethical behavior and are unacceptable.

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Authors should ensure that submitted content is free from plagiarism and written entirely original works, if any of the content has been appropriately cited or quoted. The publisher takes the responsibility of performing plagiarism check through automated software.

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An author should not publish data of the same research in more than one journal or primary publication. Submitting the same content to more than one journal concurrently constitutes unethical publishing behavior and is unacceptable.

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Acknowledgment of the co-authors must always be given. Publications which influence the nature of the reported work need to be cited by author. Written consent from private parties must be obtained to use their information.
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Authorship should be limited to those who have made a significant contribution to the conception, design, execution, or interpretation of the reported study. All those who have made significant contributions should be listed as co-authors. Where there are others who have participated in certain substantive aspects of the research project, they should be acknowledged or listed as contributors.

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If the work involves chemicals, procedures or equipment that have any unusual hazards inherent in their use, the author must clearly identify these in the manuscript.

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**Fundamental errors in published works**

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Duties of the Publisher

Handling of Unethical publishing behavior

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